

1. Evaluate the following definite integrals exactly.

(a) $\int_1^3 \frac{1}{t} dt$

(b) $\int_0^2 \left(\frac{x^3}{3} + 2x \right) dx$

(c) $\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx$

2. Find the exact value of the area between the graphs of $y = \cos x$ and $y = e^x$ for $0 \leq x \leq 1$.

3. Use the Fundamental Theorem to determine the value of b if the area under the graph of $f(x) = 8x$ between $x = 1$ and $x = b$ is equal to 192. Assume $b > 1$.

4. For each part, answer the following:

(a) Determine the derivative of the function, $F'(x)$.

(b) Note that $F(x)$ is an antiderivative of $F'(x)$.

(i) $F(x) = e^{x^2+3x}$

(ii) $F(x) = \frac{3}{x^2 + 5x + 7}$

(iii) $F(x) = \sin(e^{5x})$

(iv) $F(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{(x + 1)(3x + 5)}$

(v) $F(x) = 2xe^x - 2e^x$

(vi) $F(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^x(\sin x - \cos x)$

5. Evaluate the integrals, if they exist.

(a) $\int \frac{2x + 3}{3x^2 + 9x + 7} dx$

(b) $\int e^x \sin(e^x) dx$

(c) $\int \frac{1}{x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} dx$

(d) $\int \frac{\sin t}{(5 + \cos t)^4} dt$

(e) $\int \frac{\ln 5x}{x} dx$

6. Evaluate the integrals, if they exist.

$$(a) \int_1^4 \frac{1}{x^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} dx$$

$$(b) \int_0^{\pi/3} \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} dx$$

$$(c) \int_0^1 x(x^2 + 2)^3 dx$$

7. If f is continuous on R , prove that

$$\int_a^b f(x+c) dx = \int_{a+c}^{b+c} f(x) dx.$$

8. If a and b are positive numbers, show that

$$\int_0^1 x^a(1-x)^b dx = \int_0^1 x^b(1-x)^a dx.$$