

Our experiment analyzes the perception of mass murder events based on perceptions of religion (Christian and Muslim) and weapon choice (Glock-22 and home-made bomb) of the perpetrator. Participants will be randomly assigned to one of four vignettes and complete a survey about their perceptions of the article. Results will be analyzed with a 2x2 between-subjects ANOVA and post-hoc tests. We hypothesize that weapon and religion will impact the perception of the attack.